Product description

• For quartz and ceramic lamps
• Also for mobile luminaires with connectors
• Pulse packets for increased ignition energy (pulseCONTROL technology)
• Flicker-free light
• Colour stability thanks to constant power
• Low power loss
• Low weight
• No acoustic resonance
• Safety shutdown if a lamp is faulty or missing
• Greatly reduced reignition time
• Hardly any EMC interference in the ignition phase
• Automatic shutdown on overheating
• Casing: PBT-RG151 acc. to UL94-V0, cyan; steel base plate
• Push-in terminals up to 1.5 mm²

Technical data

Mains voltage range 220 – 240 V
AC voltage range 198 – 254 V
DC voltage range 178 – 280 V
Mains frequency 0 / 50 / 60 Hz
Overvoltage protection 300 V AC, 1 h
Max. ignition voltage 5 kVp
Operating frequency 140 Hz
Type of protection IP20

Ordering data

Type Article number Packaging, Low Volume Packaging, High Volume Weight per pc.
For luminaires with 1 lamp
PCI 35 TEC C011 87500118 20 pc(s). 440 pc(s). 2,200 pc(s). 0.202 kg
PCI 70 TEC C011 87500119 20 pc(s). 440 pc(s). 2,200 pc(s). 0.210 kg

Specific technical data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lamp</th>
<th>Lamp type</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Article number</th>
<th>Dimensions L x W x H</th>
<th>Lamp power</th>
<th>Circuit power [W]</th>
<th>EEI</th>
<th>Current at 50 Hz 230 V [A]</th>
<th>λ at 50 Hz 230 V [%]</th>
<th>Max. cable length to lamp</th>
<th>tc point max.</th>
<th>Ambient temperature ta</th>
<th>tc/ta for ≥ 20,000 h</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 x 35 W</td>
<td>H</td>
<td>PCI 35 TEC C011</td>
<td>87500118</td>
<td>110 x 75 x 32 mm</td>
<td>39 W</td>
<td>44.0 W</td>
<td>A2 &gt; 87 %</td>
<td>0.20 A</td>
<td>0.97</td>
<td>1.5 m / 120 pF</td>
<td>75 °C</td>
<td>-10 ... +55 °C</td>
<td>75/55 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 x 70 W</td>
<td>H</td>
<td>PCI 70 TEC C011</td>
<td>87500119</td>
<td>110 x 75 x 32 mm</td>
<td>73 W</td>
<td>80.5 W</td>
<td>A2 &gt; 90 %</td>
<td>0.35 A</td>
<td>0.97</td>
<td>1.5 m / 120 pF</td>
<td>80 °C</td>
<td>-10 ... +50 °C</td>
<td>80/50 °C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

At ta = 25 °C.

PHASED OUT
Installation instructions

Wiring type and cross section
Stranded wire with ferrule or solid wire up to 1.5 mm² may be used for wiring. Strip 8.5 – 9.5 mm of insulation from the cables to ensure perfect operation of the push-in terminals. Use one wire for each terminal connector only.

Note on wiring
The length of the lamp wires is limited by the value of cable capacitance. The maximum of 120 pF would enable connection of approximately 1.5 m of lamp wire.

To avoid the damage of the control gear, the wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.).

In class 1 luminaires it is necessary to earth the ballast and the luminaire via the earth terminal, in class 2 luminaires not.

Mounting recommendation
Optimum heat transport can help improving the lifetime. Whenever possible keep the ballast away from hot parts.

To ensure optimum heat removal the ECG should be mounted on a metal plate (luminaire body). No insulators between the ECG and the the cooling surface (air, adhesive tape, etc.). Finally important remains the temperature measurement.

If several ballasts are installed in masts, boxes, etc., measures must be taken to avoid overheating of individual components.

Important advise
When a lamp is changed (at the end of its life), if a lamp is missing or after overtemperature shutdown the mains voltage of the ECG must be disconnected.

Warning – starting voltage up to max. 5 kV!
Not suitable for use with lamps with integral ignitors.

A list of released lamps for the save operation with PCI can be found on www.tridonic.com.

Safety switch off
End of life of the lamps
At the end of their useful life, lamps often cycle on/off. The PCI ballast recognises this condition and switches off the lamp, after three complete on/off cycles and whilst the supply has been unswitched. Complete lamp switch off enables easy identification of a defective lamp in the application. After a change of the faulty lamp and an interruption of the mains supply (mains reset) the ballast will strike the lamp. When there is no lamp in circuit or a defective lamp is connected to the ballast, the ballast will switch off after approx. 25 minutes.

Overtemperature shutdown
The units shut down at Δt approx. +10 °C compared with tc. A mains reset must be carried out so that the units switch on again.

Overload strength
320 V for 1 h, 280 V for 10 h

Standards
EN 55015 (radio interference)
IEC 61000-3-2 (mains harmonics)
IEC 61347-2-12
IEC 61547 (interference immunity)
IEC 61167

Glow wire test acc. to EN60598-1
650 °C passed
850 °C passed
960 °C passed

Harmonic distortion in the mains supply

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>THD at 230V/50Hz</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>THD at U = 198–254 V, 25 °C</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PCI 35 TEC</td>
<td>&lt; 10%</td>
<td>PCI 35 TEC</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PCI 70 TEC</td>
<td>&lt; 10%</td>
<td>PCI 70 TEC</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data sheet 03/15-HI004-3
Subject to change without notice.
**Temperature range**

The ta temperature value is the basis for specifying the rated life. The relationship between the tc temperature and the ta temperature depends on the design of the luminaire. If the measured tc temperature is approximately 5 K under the tc max. temperature, the ta temperature should be checked and, if necessary, measurements should be taken on the critical components (e.g., electrolytic capacitor). Detailed information is available on request.

PCI TEC C011 is designed for an average life of 20,000 hours under rated conditions, with a failure probability of less than 10%. This corresponds to an average failure rate of 0.5% per 1,000 hours of operation.

The specified tc temperature is the maximum permitted value (rated temperature according to EN 61347-1). Above this safety-related value the thermal cutout protects the device against damage. The expected life-time values are shown in the following table. The tc values are the relevant values here.

**Storage conditions**

Humidity: 5% up to max. 85%, not condensed (max. 56 days/year at 85%)

Storage temperature: -40 °C up to max. +80 °C

The devices have to be within the specified temperature range (ta) before they can be operated.

### Expected life-time

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Lamp type</th>
<th>Lamp power</th>
<th>ta 40 °C</th>
<th>45 °C</th>
<th>50 °C</th>
<th>55 °C</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PCI 35 W</td>
<td>1x35 W</td>
<td>tc</td>
<td>60 °C</td>
<td>65 °C</td>
<td>70 °C</td>
<td>75 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Life-time</td>
<td>&gt; 40,000 h</td>
<td>40,000 h</td>
<td>30,000 h</td>
<td>20,000 h</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PCI 70 W</td>
<td>1x70 W</td>
<td>tc</td>
<td>70 °C</td>
<td>75 °C</td>
<td>80 °C</td>
<td>x</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Life-time</td>
<td>40,000 h</td>
<td>30,000 h</td>
<td>20,000 h</td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

x ... not permitted

The PCIs are designed for a life-time stated above under reference conditions and with a failure probability of less than 10%.

### Isolation and electric strength testing of luminaires

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.

According to IEC 60598-1 Annex Q (informative only!) or ENEC 303-Annex A, each luminaire should be submitted to an isolation test with 500 V DC for 1 second. This test voltage should be connected between the interconnected phase and neutral terminals and the earth terminal.

The isolation resistance must be at least 2 MΩ.

As an alternative, IEC 60598-1 Annex Q describes a test of the electrical strength with 1500 V AC (or 1.414 x 1500 V DC). To avoid damage to the electronic devices this test must not be conducted.

### Additional information

Additional technical information at www.tridonic.com → Technical Data

Guarantee conditions at www.tridonic.com → Services

No warranty if device was opened.